



(2)

(d) Applications of plant tissue culture.

heohe Tleka melleOete ka DevofUeeie

(e) Applications of monoclonal antibodies

Skeakeeresrer Oeellj #eer ka DevofUeeie

(f) Micro propagation

m#ce Oepeveve

(g) Cell line

mesie ueeFve

(h) Common laboratory contaminants.

OeUeeellmeuee cellmeecceevUe oteka

(i) Lipofaction method of gene transfer

peere mLeeveellj Ce kaer ueeFheebakeMve eleeDe

(j) Single cell protein

Skeare kaesMkeae Oeesere

2. Differentiate between Sub-Culture methods of anchorage dependent cell line and suspension culture. What are the applications of animal cell culture? 11

(3)

Sheaj pe eteYej mesie ueeFve SJebrmhellve melleDele mesie ueeFveellka  
hege: melleOete kaer eleeDeUeeellDevlej yeleefS- peere kaebMee melleOete  
ka DevofUeeie keble nP

OR / DeLeJee

Describe the process up to embryogenesis in plant system.

heoheellcellVee Gthebe laka kaer OeekalJee ka JeCete kaj W

3. Discuss different methods of gene transfer in mammals. 12

mLeeveellj Ueeellj peere mLeeveellj Ce kaer eleeFve eleeDeUeeellkae JeCete  
kaj W

OR / DeLeJee

Describe the composition of animal cell culture media.

peere kaebMee melleOete ka ceerUee ka DeJeeUeeellkae JeCete kaj W

4. Describe cold trypsinisation and hot trypsinisation methods of obtaining animal cell line. 11

peere kaebMee ueeFve Oehte kaj veskaer Meete SJeiece&eS hemeveeFpeMve  
eleeDeUeeellkae JeCete kaj W