

(4)

Unit-III / FkâeF-III

6. (a) Explain the terms 'General Fertility Rate', 'Age-Specific Fertility Rate' and 'Total Fertility Rate'.

'meecevÙe ðeveve oj', 'DeeÙegellemese ðeveve oj' leLee
'keâue ðeveve oj' keâe JeCelle keâepes~

- (b) Describe 'Infant Mortality Rate'. Give its formulas.

'velepeele celiÙegoj' keâe JeCelle keâepes~ Fmekâ meße ebepes~

7. Describe various columns in a life table. Discuss its construction and uses.

peleve-meej Ceer keâ eleeVele mlecYellkeâe JeCelle keâepes~ Fmekâe
jÙevee leLee GheÙessleee keâer eleelevee keâepes~

Unit-IV / FkâeF-IV

8. Explain in detail \bar{x} -R and \bar{x} - σ charts. What purpose do they serve?

\bar{x} -R Deej \bar{x} - σ medÙeselkeâe JeCelle eñemlej hellekeâe keâepes~
Gvekeâ Göñüle keâe nP

9. Explain sampling inspection by attributes. Describe single sampling plan. How will you obtain its OC and ASN function?

ieççelÙeje ñeileÙeve ñejetÙeCe keâes mecePeeFÙes Skeâue ñeileÙeve
Ùevevee keâe JeCelle keâepes~ Fme Ùevevee keâ eS OC leLee
ASN heâueveelkeâes Deehé keâmes ñeile keâj ñes?

A

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Roll No. _____

S-707

B.Sc. (Part-III) Examination, 2015

STATISTICS

Second Paper

(Applied Statistics)

Time Allowed : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 75

Note : Answer five questions in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt one question from each unit.

- keâue heâÙe ñeilekeâ Goej oepes~ ñeile meb 1 DeefjeÙelñw
ñeilekeâ FkâeF&mes Skeâ ñeile keâepes~
1. (a) Explain in short 'irregular fluctuations' in time-series.
keâue-BeCeer ceñl'DeefjeÙele GÜÙejelÙeve' keâes ñeile ce
mecePeeFÙes
 - (b) Distinguish between seasonal variation and cyclic variation.
SeñlÙe‰‰ SjelmeFkeâe keâe ñeile JeCelle Devlej mecePeeFS~
 - (c) Distinguish between 'fixed base' and 'chain base' index numbers.
'emLej Deoøej' SjelÙekuee Deoøej' meðkeâeñeilekeâ Devlej
keâes mecePeeFS~

(2)

- (d) Discuss different types of scaling giving its purpose.

ceevekeâkâj Ce kâa elleVelle ðâkâej ellkâer GheJeeâfelle yelâes n§
mecePeeS~

- (e) State different methods of estimating reliability of a test.

hej e#eCe keâerelllJemeveâjelâe kâa Deekâuve keâerelleVelle elleDeâel
keâes elueKeS~

- (f) Define reproduction rates. Give the formula for gross reproduction rate and net reproduction rate.

hej™Iheeove oj keâr hefj Yeeâe oepes~ kejue leLee Mege
hej™Iheeove oj keâ mese elueKeS~

- (g) Give different methods of finding Standardised Death Rates.

ceevekeâkâle celâeg oj ñeâle keajves keâr elleVelle elleDeâel
oepes~

- (h) What do you understand by Statistical Quality Control technique?

meekâeâle iegelâe elleDev\$eCe lekeâvekâ mes Dehe keâle
mecePels nP

- (i) What are 'modified control chart's?

'meekâeâle elleDev\$eCe meâuse' keâle nP

- (j) Differentiate between Producer's Risk and Consumers' Risk.

Gheokeâ pâsKce Deij GheYeeâe pâsKce cell j yelâefûes

(3)

Unit-I / FkâeF-I

2. What is trend? How is it determined? Discuss variate difference method specifying in particular its purpose and the underlying assumptions.

Gheelle keâle nP Ùen kâimes elvekâuee peleâ nP elleUejellej elleDe,
ellese TMhe mes Fmekâ GöMÜe leLee elueâle keâuhveeDeelkâe GuueKe
keâj les n§, keâ JeCelle keâpâs~

3. What do you mean by cost of living index number? Discuss the points which are taken into consideration while constructing a cost of living index number.

peleâe elueâle meâkeâkâa mes Dehe keâle mecePels nP peleâe elueâle
meâkeâkâa keâr j Ùevee keâj les meceâle epeve-epeve henueljelhej Ùevee
elâle peleâ nP Gvekeâr elleDeâeve keâpâs~

Unit-II / FkâeF-II

4. Define parallel tests and discuss their properties. How will you test the statistical hypothesis that tests are parallel?

meceveevlej hej e#eCeâkâr hefj Yeeâe oepes~ Deij Gvekeâ leigâelkâe
elleDeâeve keâpâs~ meekâeâle hefj keâuhvee keâ hej e#eCe meceveevlej
nâes keâr peleâ kâimes keâj nes?

5. Explain biserial and point biserial correlation coefficients. Give their uses.

eBâeCeâa SJeljeyoge eBâeCeâa menmcyevOe iegâelkâesmecePeeFûes
Fvekeâr GheJeeâfelle Yer oepes~