

meesiej mesie keñlee nP Fmekäär yeveeJeš, ekaüee elleDe leLee Jeasš-
SetheJej uee#eeCekeā Jeéa mecePeefS~

7. Explain the construction, working and application of p-n photodiode. What do you understand by dark current? 7½

heesje[eJeſ] keäär yeveeJeš, keeüle&elleDe leLee GheJeese mecePeefS~
Deoehle Oej e mes Dehee keñlee mecePeles n̄

Unit-I V/FkaäF-I V

8. What do you mean by self-generation and passive transducers? Explain the principle of piezoelectric transducers with suitable diagram.

mJele: GIheve Šm[Ùtnej leLee efrækauše Šm[Ùtnej mes Dehee keñlee
mecePeles nP heepefuekäe Šm[Ùtnej keäe emeaevle eüße keäe
meneluee mes mecePeefS~ 7½

9. What is integrated circuit? Give an account of the fabricater of a monolithic integrated circuit
Mention briefly the applications of integrated circuits.

Skeäekäale heej heLe keñlee nedee nP ceveeuelekaä Skeäekäale heej heLe
keäesyeveeskeäesmecePeefS~ me#ehle celNSkeäekäale heej heLe keä GheJeetel
keäes yeleefS~

A

(Printed Pages 4)

Roll No. _____

S-610

B.Sc. (Part-I) Examination, 2015 ELECTRONICS

First-Paper
(Electronic Devices)

Time Allowed : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 50

Note : Answer five question in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt one question from each unit.

keque heeble ñMveelkaä Göej oeþeþes ñMve meb1 DeefjeelJeñnW
ðelÜkeä FkaäF&mes Skeä ñMve keäþeþS~

1. Answer the following questions in brief: 2×10
e/ceveeuelekaä ñMveelkaä me#ehle Göej oeþeþS :

(i) What is the source of leakage current in transistor?

šeþemšj cel#eüle Oej e keäe oeedle keñlee nedee nP

(ii) Why is the input impedance higher in MOSFET as compared to JFET?

ceemhaš cel#eüle meer ñelleyeOej peesš keär legvee celDeeDekeä
keñleelnedee nP

(2)

(iii) Explain the significance of I_{CBO}

I_{CBO} keāer meeLekālee keāes mecePeeFS~

(iv) What is a tunnel diode.

Švee [eldee] ketlee netee nP

(v) Why is n-p-n transistor construction preferred in integrated circuit?

Skeākāle heej heej celh-p-n šepemšj j ūvee keāesSkeākāle
ketleelotes nP

(vi) What are main applications of solar cell?

meej mesie keā ceKÜe Ghejeese ketlee nP

(vii) What is piezoelectricity?

efepesFuskes&mešer ketlee nP

(viii) What are Photodetectors?

DekeāMe-mēDekeā ketlee netes nP

(ix) Give Colour coding chart.

keāuej keāes[le ūeeš& yevēFS~

(x) Why is the base of a transistor lightly doped and thin?

šepemšj keāe yeme x ce [esheli keāe leLee helauee ketleelnetee
nP

Unit-I / FkāF-I

2. What is junction transistor? Explain the mechanism of current flow in NPN transistor in common emitter configuration, Establish a relationship between.
 a and b If $a = 0.95$, what will be the value of

a and b If $a = 0.95$, what will be the value of

(3)

7½

b .
mēDe šepemšj ketlee nP GYeljeefv‰ Gi mepeka mēMheCe cellNPN
šepemšj celWoeje keā leJeen keār oefeaUee mecePeeFS~

a leLee b keā yeele mecyeyOe mLeeheli keāepes~ ūeo a = 0.95,
nes lees b keāe ceeve ketlee neise?

3. Explain how potential barrier arises in p-n junction diode. Explain the current flow mechanism in p-n junction diode and discuss one of its important applications. 7½

mecePeeFS eka p-n mēDe [eldee] celle[huemve melen keāmes Gi heve
netee nP p-n mēDe [eldee] celWoeje keā leJeen keār oefeaUee
mecePeeFS leLee Fmekeāe Skeā cenlJehCe& Ghejeese mecePeeFS~

Unit-II / FkāF-II

4. Describe the construction and working of IMPATT diode in detail.

IMPATT [eldee] keāer mēj ūvee leLee ekaUee eldeDe ellemlej me
mecePeeFS~

5. How is PIN diode different from junction diode? Describe the working and characteristic of PIN diode. 7½

efeve [eldee], mēDe [eldee] meskeāmeselve netee nP efeve [eldee] keā
ekaUee eldeDe leLee ue#Ceillkeāes mecePeeFS~

Unit-III / FkāF-III

6. What is a Solar cell? Discuss the construction working and volt-ampere characteristics curves. 7½